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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/520,802	06/27/2005	Nicholas James Adams	TS5580US	9940	
7590 08/22/2007 Jennifer D Adamson			EXAMINER		
Shell Oil Company			SINGH, PREM C		
Intellectual Pro P O Box 2463		•	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Houston, TX 77252-2463			1764		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			08/22/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)
10/520,802	ADAMS ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit
Prem C. Singh	1764

	Prem C. Singh	1764				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence add	ress			
THE REPLY FILED <u>06 August 2007</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.						
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on this application, applicant must timely file one of the follow places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance time periods:	the same day as filing a Notice of wing replies: (1) an amendment, aff tice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in c	Appeal. To avoid aba idavit, or other evider compliance with 37 C	nce, which FR 41.31; or (3)			
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date	of the final rejection.					
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN						
TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 7						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
NOTICE OF APPEAL 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in compfiling the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any external a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed	nsion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of th				
AMENDMENTS						
3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);						
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or						
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).		ected claims.				
		mpliant Amendment	(PTOL-324)			
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):						
Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a non-allowable claim(s).		timely filed amendme	ent canceling the			
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is pro The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed:		ll be entered and an e	explanation of			
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: <u>1-20</u> .						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE						
 The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good an was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e). 						
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessar	overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appe	al and/or appellant fa	ils to provide a			
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	n of the status of the claims after e	ntry is below or attac	hed.			
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered by See Continuation Sheet.	ut does NOT place the application in	n condition for allowa	nce because:			
 12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). 13. Other: 	(PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s). IDS date	ed: 08/06/2007				
		•				

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The Applicant argues that The present invention differs from the Berlowitz process in that the feedstock is separated into a light

base oil precursor fraction and a heavy base oil precursor fraction prior to the dewaxing step. Applicants respectfully submit that there is no teaching or suggestion in the Berlowitz reference of fractionating the partly isomerized Fischer-Tropsch derived feedstock into a first base oil precursor fraction and a second base oil precursor fraction followed by separate dewaxing steps. Column 9, lines 37 to 50 of Berlowitz simply teaches that the waxy feed obtained in the Fischer-Tropsch process that can be utilized in the process of Beflowitz can have a boiling point of up to about 1245oC. There is no teaching in this section of creating two base oil precursor fractions and then separately dewaxing those fractions.

The Applicant's argument is not persuasive because Berlowitz discloses, "After the waxy feed has been hydroisomerizd, the hydroisomerate is typically sent to a fractionator to remove the 650-750oF- boiling fraction and the remaining 650-750oF+ hydroisomerate dewaxed to reduce its pour point and form a dewaxate comprising the desired lube oil base stock. If desired however, the entire hydroisomerate may be dewaxed " (Column 3, lines 60-66). Clearly, Berlowitz is hydrodewaxing the heavier component (650-750oF+) but suggests hydrodewaxing of lighter component (650-750oF-) also, if needed.

The Applicant argues that Berlowitz simply teaches the hydroisomerization and dewaxing of a single base oil precursor fraction, regardless of the upper end boiling point.

The Applicant's argument is not persuasive because Berlowitz discloses hydroconverting Fischer-Tropsch hydrocarbons having a narrow boiling range, fractionating the hydroconversion effluent into heavy and light fractions and then dewaxing the heavy fraction to form a lubricating base oil having a viscosity index of at least 150 (See column 1, lines 59-63). As mentioned earlier, lighter fraction can also be hydrodewaxed, if needed (See column 3, lines 65-66).

Glenn Calderola Supervisory Patent Examins

Technology Center 1700